

UNAUDITED INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

- Strong financial performance reflects market leading position
- Staffline continues to perform in-line with management expectations, underpinned by solid new business pipeline

Staffline (AIM: STAF), the recruitment group, announces its unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2025 ("H1 2025" or the "Period").

Financial highlights

Continuing activities	Six months to 30 June 2025	Six months to 30 June 2024 Restated*	Change
	Unaudited	Unaudited	
Revenue	£485.8m	£446.8m	+8.7%
Gross sales value ¹	£547.6m	£499.0m	+9.7%
Gross profit	£33.1m	£31.2m	+6.1%
Gross margin %	6.8%	7.0%	-0.2 ppts
Underlying operating profit ²	£3.7m	£2.4m	54.2%
Gross profit to underlying operating profit conversion %	11.2%	7.7%	+3.5 ppts
Profit before tax	£0.6m	£0.3m	+£0.3m
Pre-IFRS16 net debt ³	£(5.7)m	£(9.2)m	+£3.5m

^{*}Restated to exclude the results of PeoplePlus, which was sold on 24 February 2025.

Alternative performance measures

- 1. Gross sales value represents the fair value of consideration received or receivable for the supply of services, including agency sales, (excluding fees), net of VAT.
- 2. Underlying results exclude goodwill impairment, reorganisation costs and other non-underlying charges.
- 3. On a Post-IFRS16 basis, net debt was $\pounds(9.9)$ m at 30 June 2025 (2024: net debt $\pounds(14.5)$ m).

Key highlights:

- Revenue growth of 8.7% to £485.8m (H1 2024: £446.8m) supported by excellent new business momentum in the Period
- Increase of over 50% in underlying operating profit to £3.7m (H1 2024: £2.4m) highlighting Staffline's operational strength as a pure-play recruitment platform
- Performance underpinned by a 4.4% increase in temporary hours worked in Recruitment GB and a 23.1% increase in permanent recruitment activities in Ireland
- Strategic partnership with a leading food and drink logistics provider announced in the Period, increasing market share and solidifying Staffline's reputation as a trusted provider
- Transition to a pure-play recruitment platform, following the divestment of PeoplePlus, which completed in February
- Launched a Share buyback programme of up to £7.5m, repurchasing a total consideration of £4.8m in the Period

Current trading and outlook

- Staffline's pure-play recruitment platform continues to remain resilient, despite ongoing macroeconomic headwinds, with market share gains and new logistics contracts to come on stream in H2 2025
- Strong balance sheet and track record of cash generation, underpins the Board's disciplined capital allocation policy and ongoing commitment to delivering shareholder value
- Positive trading momentum has continued into H2 2025 with the Group currently on track to deliver results in line with current management expectations

Albert Ellis, Chief Executive Officer of Staffline, commented:

"I am delighted that the Group has produced such a strong financial and operational performance in the first half of the year. Pleasingly, Staffline continues to secure new business and grow our market share despite the ongoing challenging macro-economic backdrop within the UK economy.

Having now created a leading pure-play recruitment platform across both the blue and white-collar recruitment markets, following the divestment of PeoplePlus, we are ideally placed to continue to capitalise on a number of exciting new organic growth opportunities."

Retail investor webcast

Management will be hosting a presentation for investors in relation to the Company's interim results at 9.00am (BST) on Tuesday, 29 July 2025.

The presentation will be hosted on the Investor Meet Company ("IMC") digital platform and is open to all existing and potential shareholders. Investors can sign up to IMC for free and add themselves to meet Staffline via: https://www.investormeetcompany.com/staffline-group-plc/register-investor

Investors who have already registered with IMC will be automatically invited.

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Jeremy Garcia / Anna Sutton

About Staffline

Staffline is one of the UK's leading Recruitment groups. It has two divisions:

• Recruitment GB

The Recruitment GB business is a leading provider of flexible blue-collar workers, supplying c.35,000 staff per day on average from around 400 sites, across a wide range of industries including supermarkets, drinks, driving, food processing, logistics and manufacturing.

Recruitment Ireland

The Recruitment Ireland business is a leading end to end solutions provider operating across multiple industries, ten branch locations and ten onsite customer locations, supplying c.4,500 staff per day on average, and offering RPO, MSP, temporary and permanent solutions across public and private sectors throughout the island of Ireland.

Chief Executive Officer's Review

Introduction

I am pleased to report a strong financial performance in H1 2025, with our core blue-collar recruitment businesses performing well and in line with current management expectations.

Revenue increased 8.7% to £485.8m (H1 2024: £446.8m), with gross margin of 6.8% (H1 2024: 7.0%). Gross profit was up 6.1% at £33.1m (H1 2024: £31.2m), and underlying operating profit increased by 54.2% to £3.7m (H1 2024: £2.4m) following the strategic disposal of PeoplePlus and a resilient performance from recruitment businesses, Recruitment GB and Recruitment Ireland.

Our recruitment businesses continue to perform well, and above current levels of demand being experienced across the market delivering organic growth across the Group, as we leverage our reputation as a large-scale trusted recruitment solutions provider. This excellent trading performance has been supported by Recruitment GB increasing temporary worker hours worked year-on-year by 4.4%, alongside an increase in Recruitment Ireland's permanent hiring fees from high-margin white-collar roles. Both divisions secured new mandates, including a substantial contract with a leading food and drink logistics provider to outsource 100% of agency labour services to Recruitment GB.

The Group maintains a strong balance sheet and has utilised proceeds from the disposal of PeoplePlus and strong trading cash flows over the last 12 months to initiate its 2025, £7.5m share buyback programme. To date, 15.5 million ordinary shares have been repurchased, at an average price of 31.2 pence per ordinary share, for a total consideration of £4.8m, demonstrating the Board's disciplined capital allocation policy.

Market

The UK recruitment market continues to be affected by broader macroeconomic headwinds, reflected in reduced hiring activity and staff attrition across numerous sectors in both the UK and Ireland.

UK unemployment has marginally increased to 4.7% as job vacancies continue to decline, falling below prepandemic levels, currently around 727,000. This represents a decrease of 56,000 versus the previous quarter.

White-collar recruitment, to which our Ireland division is more exposed, has been affected by a decline in business and candidate confidence, combined with higher labour costs. By contrast, blue-collar temporary recruitment, which accounts for 90.0% of Group gross profit, remains resilient in key defensive sectors such as Staffline's core food and drinks and logistics sectors.

Staffline has successfully mitigated the majority of these challenges in H1 2025 by working with our customers to provide agile solutions to their labour requirements and mitigating growing cost pressures.

Strategy

With the transition to a focused, pure-play recruitment platform following the divestment of PeoplePlus in February, the Group continues to deliver against its strategic priorities:

- **Strengthening the Group's market-leading position** by leveraging Staffline's scale, reach and excellence in delivery to grow market share in blue-collar temporary recruitment organically.
- **Broaden our portfolio** by growing, where appropriate, white-collar and adjacent permanent recruitment activity, including managed services.
- Continue to **expand in the Republic of Ireland** by securing new contracts and growing the Group's market share.
- *Increase shareholder returns* whilst maintaining a healthy balance sheet and returning excess cash to shareholders in the form of share buybacks directly from annual trading cashflows.

We believe that our strategy has enabled the Group to navigate the currently challenging macroeconomic backdrop whilst simultaneously delivering our organic growth strategy and providing accelerated cash returns to shareholders.

Operational review

Staffline's market-leading recruitment businesses performed well during the Period, with the strong momentum experienced in 2024 continuing, delivering significant operational and financial progress despite the challenging market backdrop.

Recruitment GB

	H1 2025	H1 2024	% Var
	£m	£m	
Revenue	437.9	393.0	+11.4%
Gross Profit	26.8	24.7	+8.5%
Underlying operating profit	4.8	2.8	+71.4%

Recruitment GB has delivered an excellent trading performance in H1 2025, with an uplift in revenue and gross profit of 11.4% and 8.5% respectively. This has been underpinned by a 4.4% increase in temporary worker hours worked year-on-year, indicative of the sustained demand for Staffline's temporary and agency recruitment solutions. Pleasingly, underlying operating profits are ahead by 71.4%, supported by a focused cost reduction programme improving divisional gross profit to underlying operating profit conversion from 11.3% to 17.9%.

Organic growth remains at the centre of our strategy. In May, the Group secured a significant strategic partnership with a leading UK food and drink supply chain management and logistics provider to outsource 100% of agency labour services to Staffline, which is expected to have a material impact on the Group's performance over the life of the contract. This partnership includes the deployment of c.3,000 temporary workers across driving, warehousing and security activities, significantly expanding the Group's operational footprint. Staffline has worked closely with the leadership team, delivering a seamless transition, and is now embedded within operations, with the majority of activities expected to be fully integrated by August 2025.

Recruitment GB continues to pursue a range of further new business opportunities, some of which could complete across H2 2025, with both new and existing customers. Additionally, our M&S operations are expected to return to full capacity following the recent cyber-attack, strengthening the performance of the division across the remainder of the financial year.

We have continued to focus on maximising efficiencies and generating economies of scale across the business through the implementation of a cost reduction programme to reduce annual costs by c.£3m, mitigating the impact of higher labour costs and ongoing inflationary pressures.

The division has maintained a strong permanent recruitment delivery capability in anticipation of an economic upturn in due course. We have also leveraged Datum RPO, our managed service provider, to support with audit and supply chain consolidation, for which we have seen increased demand given the currently challenging market.

Recruitment Ireland

	H1 2025	H1 2024	% Var
	£m	£m	
Revenue	47.9	53.8	-11.0%
Gross Profit	6.3	6.5	-3.1%
Underlying operating profit	0.7	1.2	-41.7%

Our Recruitment Ireland division has reported a swing in the mix of services in favour of permanent recruitment solutions. Whilst revenue and demand from temporary worker placements decreased, permanent revenue increased by an excellent 23.1% year on year. This trend has been driven by the business in the Republic of Ireland, and in particular the ongoing An Garda contract (Republic of Ireland Police Service).

Reduced demand in the public sector, particularly in Northern Ireland, and a higher percentage of white-collar recruitment than the Recruitment GB business has led to a decline in overall results with the performance in H1 2025 below that of H1 2024. However, management anticipates this improving in H2 2025 as issues in relation to pipeline delays resolve, combined with a further restructuring programme implemented in H1 2025.

Outlook

The Group delivered a strong performance across H1 2025, which is expected to continue into the remainder the current financial year.

Our organic growth strategy continues to generate a strong new business pipeline, underpinned by our market leading position in the blue-collar recruitment market and reputation for exceptional service.

The Board is pleased with the Group's current trading performance, and despite the challenging recruitment market, remains confident that trading in FY 2025 remains in line with management expectations.

Albert Ellis Chief Executive Officer 28 July 2025

Financial Review

Introduction

The Group delivered strong results driven by increasing temporary worker hours in the Period, notwithstanding ongoing challenges in the domestic consumer market. Additionally, permanent recruitment activities remained robust in contrast to market peers. The Group's balance sheet remains strong with reduced pre-IFRS16 net debt of £(5.7)m (2024: £(9.2)m). Following receipt of the proceeds of £4.9m from the disposal of PeoplePlus on 24 February 2025, the Group also launched a share buyback programme, repurchasing shares for total consideration of £4.8m in the Period. Significant headroom of £66.5m (2024: £50.2m) exists in the Group's banking facilities alongside material headroom in financial covenants.

In the Group's Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2024, the disposal of PeoplePlus, which is described more fully below, led to its treatment as a discontinued operation. The results disclosed in this review relate to continuing activities and comparatives have been restated where applicable.

Trading performance

Total revenue for H1 2025 increased by 8.7% to £485.8m (2024: £446.8m) due to increased temporary worker hours, which were up 4.4% in Recruitment GB, predominately in the food retail and distribution sectors. Gross profit increased to £33.1m (2024: £31.2m) accompanied by a small decrease in gross margin to 6.8% from 7.0% in 2024. The reduction in gross margin % is as a result of a combination of pay inflation from National Minimum Wage and Employers' National Insurance increases, reflected in higher wages that go through revenue, and the increase in temporary worker hours in sectors where the margin is comparatively low.

Underlying divisional performance

Following the disposal of PeoplePlus, the Group comprises two divisions: Recruitment GB and Recruitment Ireland.

		Six months ended 30 June 2025					Six months ended 30 June 2024			
	Recruitment GB Unaudited	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited	Group costs Unaudited	Continuing Activities Unaudited	Discontinued Operations Unaudited	Recruitment GB Unaudited	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited	Group costs Unaudited	Continuing Activities Restated Unaudited	Discontinued Operations Restated Unaudited
	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m
Revenue	437.9	47.9	-	485.8	10.2	393.0	53.8	-	446.8	33.4
Period-on-period % change	11.4%	(11.0)%	-	8.7%	(69.5)%	15.2%	(1.3)%	-	12.9%	(2.6)%
Gross sales value ¹	499.7	47.9	-	547.6	10.2	445.2	53.8	-	499.0	33.4
Period-on-period % change	12.2%	(11.0)%	-	9.7%	(69.5)%	10.3%	(1.3)%	-	9.0%	(2.6)%
Gross profit	26.8	6.3	-	33.1	2.6	24.7	6.5	-	31.2	7.0
Period-on-period % change	8.5%	(3.1)%	-	6.1%	(62.9)%	5.1%	6.6%	-	5.4%	(17.6)%
Gross margin %	6.1%	13.2%	-	6.8%	25.5%	6.3%	12.1%	-	7.0%	21.0%
Underlying operating profit /(loss)	4.8	0.7	(1.8)	3.7	-	2.8	1.2	(1.6)	2.4	(12.4)
Underlying operating profit as a % of revenue	1.1%	1.5%	-	0.8%	0%	0.7%	2.2%	-	0.5%	1.5%
Underlying operating profit as a % of gross profit	17.9%	11.1%	-	11.2%	0%	11.3%	18.5%	-	7.7%	7.1%
Post-IFRS16 net debt Pre-IFRS16 net debt	-	-	-	(9.9) (5.7)	-	-	-	-	(14.5) (9.2)	-

¹ Gross sales value represents the fair value of consideration received or receivable for the supply of services, including agency sales, (excluding fees) net of VAT.

Key performance indicators (continuing activities)

	Six mont	hs ended 30 Jun	e 2025	Six month	s ended 30 June	e 2024
	Recruitment GB Unaudited	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited	Total Group Unaudited	Recruitment GB Unaudited	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited	Total Group Unaudited
Hours worked by temporary workers	21.5m	2.4m	23.9m	20.6m	2.9m	23.5m
Gross profit per fee earner	£38.1k	£50.3k	£40.1k	£38.5k	£49.2k	£40.4k

For management reporting purposes, the Recruitment GB division presents its 'gross sales', which includes sales under agency arrangements. The reporting of gross sales gives an indication of the full level of activity undertaken by the division. The value is adjusted for revenue reporting in accordance with IFRS15. The adjustment relative to reported revenue for the Group is as follows:

	H1 2025	H1 2024
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	£'m	£'m
Gross sales value	547.6	499.0
Agency sales	(61.8)	(52.2)
Revenue as reported	485.8	446.8

Revenues in the Recruitment GB division increased by £44.9m, (11.4%), to £437.9m (2024: £393.0m). The increase is predominately from organic growth with existing customers, mainly in the logistics and distribution sector. This new business has been won based on quality of service and performance by the business driving the growth in market share.

The gross profit for Recruitment GB increased 8.5% year-on-year, from £24.7m in 2024 to £26.8m, with the gross margin % decreasing slightly from 6.3% in H1 2024 to 6.1% this year. This was adversely impacted by a 6.7% increase in the National Living Wage from April 2025, from £11.44 to £12.21, which follows on from a 9.8% increase the year before. This does not impact absolute gross profit, as the increase is passed through to customers but does adversely impact the gross margin % achieved. Gross profit margin % was also impacted by the slight reduction in permanent recruitment, which generated gross profit of £1.7m (2024: £2.0m).

Revenues in the Recruitment Ireland division decreased by £5.9m (-11.0%) to £47.9m (2024: £53.8m), mainly reflecting a reduction in onsite temporary recruitment activity, as well as weak public sector activity driven by lacklustre investment at government level. The gross profit for Recruitment Ireland decreased by 3.1% from £6.5m in H1 2024 to £6.3m in H1 2025, whilst the gross profit margin % increased from 12.1% to 13.2%. This gross margin % improvement was supported by an increase in permanent recruitment gross profit of 23.1% with £1.6m of gross profit in H1 2025 compared to £1.3m in H1 2024, reflecting the growing business in the Republic of Ireland, and in particular the ongoing An Garda contract (Republic of Ireland Police Service).

Group underlying operating profit increased by 54.2% to £3.7m (2024: £2.4m), with gross profit to underlying operating profit conversion increasing to 11.2% compared to 7.7% in H1 2024. The Group expects underlying operating profit to be H2 weighted due to the main peak trading period in the lead up to Christmas and the New Year.

Discontinued operation

During 2024, partly as a result of the general election, the pipeline for new contracts and the timing of tender results stalled considerably, impacting the prospects for the PeoplePlus division. Following an approach from Swipejobs Holdings Pty Ltd, negotiations for the disposal commenced during H2 2024, culminating in the disposal of the wholly owned subsidiary, PeoplePlus Group Ltd, on 24 February 2025.

The consideration for the sale was £12.0m, including £2.0m of deferred consideration. The consideration was on a cash-free, debt-free basis, subject to a deduction of £5.1m of advanced payments received for future revenue. The net proceeds of the disposal (including the deferred consideration) were £6.9m, of which £4.9m has been received in cash to date. The £2.0m of deferred consideration is contingent on the commencement of potential new contracts expected to take place within the 15 months following the date of this statement.

Further details are provided in note 5.

Finance costs and interest rate hedge

Net finance costs were £2.7m (2024: £2.1m), which includes £0.1m (2024: £0.2m) of non-cash charges for amortisation of debt re-financing costs. Gross finance costs were actually lower than prior year as a result of the reduction in Bank of England base rate from 5.25% to 4.25% since August 2024, but the ending of the interest rate cap instrument in October 2024 led to the increase in net costs.

Profit before taxation

The Group's reported profit before taxation of £0.6m in H1 2025 compares to a profit of £0.3m in 2024.

Taxation

There is a £0.2m tax charge (2024: charge £0.1m) for the Period due to the movement on deferred tax balances.

The reported profit after tax on continuing activities for H1 2025 is £0.4m (2024: profit £0.2m).

Statement of financial position, cash generation and financing

The Group ended H1 2025 with pre-IFRS16 net debt of £(5.7)m (2024: £(9.2)m). Post-IFRS16 net debt was £(9.9)m at H1 2025 (2024: £(14.5)m). The movement in net debt is shown in the table below. The change in working capital includes the Q1 VAT payment, representing VAT collections in the Group's peak seasonal Q4 2024 trading period. Good trading cash generation in the Period driven by the organic growth in Recruitment GB temporary hours worked, has been offset by the required working capital usage. The proceeds of the sale of PeoplePlus enabled the purchase of the Company's own shares under a new share buyback scheme.

	H1 2025	H1 2024
Movement in net debt	Unaudited	Unaudited
	£'m	£'m
Opening net cash (pre-IFRS16)	9.6	3.8
Cash generated before changes in working capital (note 14)	4.7	5.2
Movements in working capital	(12.8)	(12.1)
Net taxation and interest paid	(2.6)	(1.9)
Capital investment (net of disposals)	(2.2)	(1.4)
Proceeds from disposal of PeoplePlus	4.9	-
Cash adjustment on disposal of PeoplePlus*	(2.5)	-
Own shares purchased	(4.8)	(1.9)
Principal repayment of lease liabilities	(0.5)	(1.2)
Employee equity settled share options	0.5	0.3
Closing net (debt) (pre-IFRS16)	(5.7)	(9.2)
IFRS16 lease liabilities	(4.2)	(5.3)
Closing net (debt) (post-IFRS16)	(9.9)	(14.5)

^{*}This represents cash collected from trade receivables and remitted for payables, paid on disposal of PeoplePlus.

The table below reconciles underlying EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation), to operating loss.

		H1 2024
Personalistion of anarating loss to EPITDA	H1 2025	Unaudited
Reconciliation of operating loss to EBITDA	Unaudited	Restated*
	£'m	£'m
Operating profit	3.3	2.4
Non-underlying charges	0.4	
Underlying operating profit	3.7	2.4
Depreciation and amortisation	1.4	1.5
Underlying EBITDA	5.1	3.9
Lease rental payments	(0.5)	(0.5)
Underlying EBITDA (pre-IFRS16)	4.6	3.4
-		

^{*}Restated to exclude the results of PeoplePlus, which was sold on 24 February 2025.

Note: Underlying operating profit is stated before goodwill impairment and reorganisation costs.

The Group's banking facility headroom under its available committed banking facilities is set out below:

H1 2025	H1 2024
Unaudited	Unaudited
£'m	£'m
Cash at bank 4.6	4.6
Available receivables finance agreement unutilised 61.9	45.6
Banking facility headroom 66.5	50.2

Banking facilities

The Group manages its working capital requirements using a Receivables Finance Agreement ("RFA"), and a number of separate, non-recourse, customer financing arrangements whereby specific customers' invoices are settled in advance of their normal settlement date via a funding intermediary.

The RFA leverages the Group's trade receivables with sufficient headroom and flexibility to manage the variability and size of weekly cash outflows. The key terms of the facility are set out below:

- i) maximum receivables financing facility of £60.0m over a four-year term, with a one-year extension option;
- ii) an Accordion option of up to an additional £20.0m, subject to lender approval;
- iii) security on all of the assets and undertakings of the Company and certain subsidiary undertakings;
- iv) interest accruing at a maximum of 2.25% over SONIA, with a margin ratchet downward to 1.5%, dependent upon the Group's leverage reducing to less than 1.00x;
- v) a non-utilisation fee of 0.35%;
- vi) maximum net debt (averaged over a rolling three months) to EBITDA leverage covenant of 4.0x; and
- vii) minimum interest cover covenant of 2.25x the last 12 months EBITDA to finance charges.

The estimated balance funded under the customer finance arrangements at 30 June 2025 was £43.8m (2024: £58.2m).

Purchases of own shares

The Group has delivered four years of annual underlying operating profits of at least £10.0m and annual operating cash generation remains strong. During the last 12 months the Board has taken the opportunity to make share purchases under share buyback programmes and for the Employee Benefit Trust. The Group continues to have substantial headroom of £66.5m (2024: £50.2m) under its available banking facilities.

Pursuant to an announcement of the launch of a share buyback programme on 10 June 2024 the Company repurchased 6,860,792 ordinary shares in the capital of the Company (the "Ordinary Shares") at a cost of £2.5m. On 25 February 2025 the Group announced the commencement of a buyback programme to be carried out in two tranches, the first being for 15,517,851 ordinary shares and the second being for 12,440,000 ordinary shares. The second tranche being subject to approval of the relevant resolution at the Company's 2025 Annual General Meeting.

Tranche 1 of the buyback programme completed on 11 April 2025, having purchased 15,517,851 ordinary shares for a total consideration of £4,843,094, at an average price of 31.2p per ordinary share.

At the Company's AGM on 21 May 2025, the members approved a resolution to purchase the Company's ordinary shares up to a maximum number of 19,021,847. On 22 May 2025 the Group announced launch of tranche 2 of the 2025 buyback programme for the acquisition of up to 12,400,000 ordinary shares. Up to the date of this report, no further ordinary shares have been acquired.

The Ordinary Shares purchased pursuant to the share buyback programmes have been cancelled.

Dividend policy

No interim dividend for 2025 is proposed (2024: £nil).

Going concern

The Directors have formed a judgement, at the time of approving the unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the assessment period. The Directors have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least eighteen months from when the unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements are authorised for issue. For this reason, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

International Financial Reporting Standards

There have been no new accounting standards or interpretations in the first half of 2025 which materially impact the Group's reported performance or financial position.

Daniel Quint Chief Financial Officer 28 July 2025

Consolidated statement of comprehensive incomeFor the six months ended 30 June 2025

Continuing activities 485.8 446.8 992.9 Cost of sales (452.7) (415.6) (922.1) Gross profit 33.1 31.2 70.8 Administrative expenses (29.8) (28.8) (60.9) Operating profit 3.3 2.4 9.9 Underlying operating profit before non-underlying administrative expenses (non-underlying) 3 (0.4) - (0.2) Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9 Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: - - (0.3) <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Six-month period ended 30 June 2025 Unaudited</th><th>Six-month period ended 30 June 2024 Restated¹ Unaudited</th><th>Year ended 31 December 2024 Restated²</th></t<>			Six-month period ended 30 June 2025 Unaudited	Six-month period ended 30 June 2024 Restated ¹ Unaudited	Year ended 31 December 2024 Restated ²
Revenue 2 485.8 446.8 992.9 Cost of sales (452.7) (415.6) (922.1) Gross profit 33.1 31.2 70.8 Administrative expenses (29.8) (28.8) (60.9) Operating profit 3.3 2.4 9.9 Underlying operating profit before non-underlying administrative expenses (non-underlying) 3 (0.4) - (0.2) Administrative expenses (non-underlying) 3 (0.4) - (0.2) Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.2 (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Revenuese (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation 0.1 (12.3) (10.8) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (0.2) (0.3)	Continuing activities	Note	£'m	£'m	£'m
Cost of sales (455.7) (415.6) (922.1) Gross profit 33.1 31.2 70.8 Administrative expenses (29.8) (28.8) (60.9) Operating profit 3.3 2.4 9.9 Underlying operating profit before non-underlying administrative expenses 3.7 2.4 10.1 Administrative expenses (non-underlying) 3 (0.4) - 0.2 Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation 0.4 0.2 4.1 Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax 0.4 (0.3) (0.3) Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income:	-	2	485 R	446.8	992.9
Gross profit 33.1 31.2 70.8 Administrative expenses (29.8) (28.8) (60.9) Operating profit 3.3 2.4 9.9 Underlying operating profit before non-underlying administrative expenses 3.7 2.4 10.1 Administrative expenses (non-underlying) 3 (0.4) - (0.2) Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 0.2 4.1 Lems that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: statuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax 0.3		_			
Administrative expenses (29.8) (28.8) (60.9) Operating profit 3.3 2.4 9.9 Underlying operating profit before non-underlying administrative expenses 3.7 2.4 10.1 Administrative expenses (non-underlying) 3 (0.4) - (0.2) Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax - - - (0.3) Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment 0.3 0.1 (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	70.8
Operating profit 3.3 2.4 9.9 Underlying operating profit before non-underlying administrative expenses 3.7 2.4 10.1 Administrative expenses (non-underlying) 3 (0.4) - (0.2) Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax - - (0.3) Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: - - - (0.3) foreign exchange translation adjustment income: 0.3 0.1 (0.2) (0.7			(29.8)	(28.8)	(60.9)
Administrative expenses Administrative expenses (non-underlying) Administrative expenses (non-underlying) Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment or comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 0.1 0.2 Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 0.1 0.2 Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p 0.1p 2.9p Continuing operations: Diluted					
Operating profit 2 3.3 2.4 9.9 Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax - - - (0.3) Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment 0.3 0.1 (0.2) movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share 4 4 0.2 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Basic <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>3.7</td><td>2.4</td><td>10.1</td></td<>			3.7	2.4	10.1
Finance income - 0.9 1.5 Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation 0.6 0.6 0.3 5.0 Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment 0.3 0.1 (0.2) movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p	Administrative expenses (non-underlying)	3	(0.4)	-	(0.2)
Finance charges (2.7) (3.0) (6.4) Profit for the period before taxation Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment 0.3 0.1 (0.2) movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted	Operating profit	2	3.3	2.4	9.9
Profit for the period before taxation Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment 0.3 0.1 (0.2) movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted	Finance income		-	0.9	1.5
Tax expense (0.2) (0.1) (0.9) Profit from continuing activities 0.4 0.2 4.1 Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment 0.3 0.1 (0.2) movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p	Finance charges		(2.7)	(3.0)	(6.4)
Profit from continuing activities Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted	Profit for the period before taxation		0.6	0.3	5.0
Loss from discontinued operation - (12.5) (14.9) Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment 0.3 0.1 (0.2) movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p	Tax expense		(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.9)
Profit/(loss) for the period 0.4 (12.3) (10.8) Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted	Profit from continuing activities		0.4	0.2	4.1
Items that will not be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period Earnings per ordinary share 4 Continuing operations: Basic Continuing operations: Diluted 1. (0.3) (0.3) (0.4) (0.4) (0.4) (0.4) (0.4) (0.5) (12.6) (12.0) 2.9p	Loss from discontinued operation		-	(12.5)	(14.9)
income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of comprehensive income: foreign exchange translation adjustment movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period Earnings per ordinary share Continuing operations: Basic Continuing operations: Diluted O.3 (12.6) (0.2) (0.2) (0.4) (0.4) (0.4) (0.4) (12.6) (12.0) 2.9p	Profit/(loss) for the period		0.4	(12.3)	(10.8)
movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax (0.4) (0.4) (0.7) Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p	income - actuarial gains and losses, net of deferred tax Items that may be reclassified to the statement of compre		-	-	(0.3)
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period 0.3 (12.6) (12.0) Earnings per ordinary share Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p	foreign exchange translation adjustment		0.3	0.1	(0.2)
Earnings per ordinary share Continuing operations: Basic Continuing operations: Diluted 4 Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p	movement on cash flow hedge, net of deferred tax		(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.7)
Continuing operations: Basic 0.3p 0.1p 3.0p Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p	Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period		0.3	(12.6)	(12.0)
Continuing operations: Diluted 0.3p 0.1p 2.9p		4	0.3n	0.1n	3.0n
	- 1		_	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Discontinued operations: Basic and diluted		- -	(8.7)p	(8.9)p

 $^{^{1}}$ Restated to exclude the results of PeoplePlus, which was sold on 24 February 2025.

² For details of the restatement, refer to note 5.

Consolidated statement of changes in equity For the six months ended 30 June 2025

				Share-		Foreign		
Unaudited			Capital	based	Cash flow	exchange	Profit	
	Share	Own	redemption	payment	hedge	translation	and loss	Total
	capital	shares	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	account	equity
	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m
At 1 January 2025	14.2	(6.4)	2.4	1.5	0.2	(0.8)	30.3	41.4
Prior year adjustment (see note 5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.5)	(2.5)
At 1 January 2025 restated	14.2	(6.4)	2.4	1.5	0.2	(0.8)	27.8	38.9
Issue of shares to management	-	0.3	-	(0.5)	-	-	-	(0.2)
Share based payments	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	0.5
Shares purchased and cancelled	(1.5)	-	1.5	-	-	-	(4.9)	(4.9)
Transactions with owners	(1.5)	0.3	1.5	-	-	-	(4.9)	(4.6)
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.4
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(0.4)	0.3	-	(0.1)
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	-	-	-	-	(0.4)	0.3	0.4	0.3
At 30 June 2025	12.7	(6.1)	3.9	1.5	(0.2)	(0.5)	23.3	34.6

Consolidated statement of changes in equity For the six months ended 30 June 2024

				Share-		Foreign		
Unaudited			Capital	based	Cash flow	exchange	Profit	
	Share	Own	redemption	payment	hedge	translation	and loss	Total
	capital	shares	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	account	equity
	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m
At 1 January 2024	14.9	(4.7)	1.7	1.2	0.9	(0.6)	41.5	54.9
Issue of shares to management	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
Share based payments	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1
Shares purchased and cancelled	(0.1)	-	0.1	-	-	-	(0.3)	(0.3)
Own shares purchased	-	(1.6)	-	-	-	-	-	(1.6)
Transactions with owners	(0.1)	(1.3)	0.1	0.1	-	-	(0.3)	(1.5)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12.3)	(12.3)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(0.4)	0.1	(0.2)	(0.5)
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	-	-	-	-	(0.4)	0.1	(12.5)	(12.8)
At 30 June 2024	14.8	(6.0)	1.8	1.3	0.5	(0.5)	28.7	40.6

Consolidated statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Share capital £'m	Own shares £'m	Capital redemption reserve £'m	Share- based payment reserve £'m	Cash flow hedge reserve £'m	Foreign exchange translation reserve £'m	Profit and loss account Restated* £'m	Total Equity Restated* £'m
At 1 January 2024	14.9	(4.7)	1.7	1.2	0.9	(0.6)	41.5	54.9
Share-based payments – equity-settled	-	-	-	0.7	-	-	-	0.7
Issues of shares to management	-	0.2	-	(0.4)	-	-	(0.1)	(0.3)
Share purchased and cancelled	(0.7)	-	0.7	-			(2.5)	(2.5)
Own shares purchased	-	(1.9)	-	-	-	-	-	(1.9)
Transactions with owners	(0.7)	(1.7)	0.7	0.3	-	-	(2.6)	(4.0)
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10.8)	(10.8)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(0.7)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(1.2)
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-	(0.7)	(0.2)	(11.1)	(12.0)
At 31 December 2024	14.2	(6.4)	2.4	1.5	0.2	(0.8)	27.8	38.9

^{*}For details of the restatement, refer to note 5.

Consolidated statement of financial position As at 30 June 2025

				31 December	
		30 June 2025	30 June 2024	2024	
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Restated*	
	Note	£'m	£'m	£'m	
Assets					
Non-current assets					
Goodwill	6	27.1	37.8	27.1	
Other intangible assets		10.7	9.1	10.0	
Property, plant and equipment		3.1	4.5	3.2	
Retirement benefit net asset		-	0.5	-	
Deferred tax asset		2.3	4.2	2.5	
Derivative financial instruments		-	-	1.0	
		43.2	56.1	43.8	
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	7	149.8	142.0	141.5	
Derivative financial instruments	8	-	0.8	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	9	4.6	4.6	14.6	
Assets included in disposal group classified as held for sale		-	_	17.2	
1 0 1		154.4	147.4	173.3	
Total assets		197.6	203.5	217.1	
Liabilities					
Current					
Trade and other payables	10	147.8	141.9	153.2	
Borrowings	11	10.3	13.8	5.0	
Current tax liability		0.2	0.2	0.2	
Provisions	12	0.2	1.0	0.2	
Lease liabilities	11	0.9	1.4	1.0	
Liabilities included in disposal group classified as held for sale		-		13.9	
Elabilities illeladed ill disposal group classifica as ficia for sale		159.4	158.3	173.5	
Non-current		133.4	130.3	1,3.5	
Provisions	12	0.3	0.4	0.3	
Lease liabilities	11	3.3	3.9	3.7	
Derivative financial instruments	11	3.3	3.9	0.6	
Deferred tax liabilities		_	0.3	0.0	
Deletted tax liabilities		3.6	4.6	4.7	
Total liabilities					
		163.0	162.9	178.2	
Equity Characterists	12	12.7	14.0	142	
Share capital	13	12.7	14.8	14.2	
Own shares		(6.1)	(6.0)	(6.4)	
Capital redemption reserve		3.9	1.8	2.4	
Share-based payment reserve		1.5	1.3	1.5	
Cash flow hedge reserve		(0.2)	0.5	0.2	
Foreign exchange translation reserve		(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.8)	
Profit and loss account		23.3	28.7	27.8	
Total equity		34.6	40.6	38.9	
Total equity and liabilities		197.6	203.5	217.1	

^{*}For details of the restatement, refer to note 5.

Consolidated statement of cash flows For the six months ended 30 June 2025

	Six months	Six months	
	ended 30 June	ended 30 June	Year ended
	2025	2024	31 December
	Unaudited	Unaudited	2024
Note	£'m	£'m	£'m
14	(7.6)	(6.6)	21.5
	-	-	(0.2)
	(7.6)	(6.6)	21.3
	4.9	-	-
	(2.5)	-	-
	(2.0)	(0.8)	(3.7)
	(0.2)	(0.6)	(0.7)
	2.7	(1.4)	(4.4)
	(7.4)	(8.0)	16.9
	5.3	4.3	(4.5)
	(0.5)	(1.2)	(2.0)
	(2.6)	(1.9)	(4.7)
	(4.8)	(1.9)	(4.4)
	(2.6)	(0.7)	(15.6)
	(10.0)	(8.7)	1.3
	14.6	13.3	13.3
9	4.6	4.6	14.6
	14	ended 30 June 2025 Unaudited Note £'m 14 (7.6) - (7.6) 4.9 (2.5) (2.0) (0.2) 2.7 (7.4) 5.3 (0.5) (2.6) (4.8) (2.6) (10.0) 14.6	ended 30 June 2025 2024 Unaudited Unaudited Note £'m £'m 14 (7.6) (6.6) (7.6) (6.6) 4.9 - (2.5) - (2.0) (0.8) (0.2) (0.6) 2.7 (1.4) (7.4) (8.0) 5.3 4.3 (0.5) (1.2) (2.6) (1.9) (4.8) (1.9) (4.8) (1.9) (2.6) (0.7) (10.0) (8.7) 14.6 13.3

^{*}This represents cash collected from trade receivables and remitted for payables, paid on disposal of PeoplePlus.

1 Interim accounts and accounting policies

Staffline Group plc, a Public Limited Company, is incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 (including the comparatives for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 and the year ended 31 December 2024) were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 July 2025.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are used in the preparation of the interim financial information. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgement of current events, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements have been prepared using the accounting policies as described in the December 2024 audited year-end Annual Report and have been consistently applied.

The interim Group financial information contained within this report does not constitute statutory accounts as defined in the Companies Act 2006, section 434. The full accounts for the year ended 31 December 2024 received an unqualified report from the auditors and did not contain a statement under Section 498(2) or (3) of the Companies Act 2006. A copy of the statutory accounts for that year has been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Basis of preparation

The unaudited interim Group financial statements, which should be read in conjunction with the audited Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2024, have been prepared in accordance with AIM Rules for Companies – Part One, Section 18 "Half-yearly reports".

The unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements consolidate those of the parent company and all its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2025. Subsidiaries are all entities to which the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns and has the ability to affect those returns through power over the subsidiary.

The unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the significant accounting policies and measurement bases summarised in the December 2024 audited year-end Annual Report, and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and with the Companies Act 2006, as applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for equity-settled share options, derivative financial instruments and the retirement benefit net asset, which are measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in sterling, which is also the functional currency of the parent company.

Going concern

The Directors have formed a judgement, at the time of approving the unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the assessment period. The Directors have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least 18 months from when the unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements are authorised for issue. For this reason, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the unaudited condensed interim Group financial statements.

2 Segmental reporting

Management currently identifies two reportable segments: Recruitment GB, the provision of workforce recruitment and management to industry and Recruitment Ireland, the provision of generalist recruitment services. The Group's skills training and employability services provider, PeoplePlus, was sold on 24 February 2025 and is classed as a discontinued operation. The Group's reportable segments are determined based on the Group's internal reporting to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM has been determined to be the Group Chief Executive Officer, with support from the Board.

Segment information for the reporting half-year is as follows:

		Six months ended 30 June 2025					Six mont	hs ended 3	0 June 202	1 *
Segment continuing operations	Recruitment GB Unaudited £'m	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited £'m	Group costs Unaudited £'m	Continuing activities Unaudited £'m	Discontinued operations Unaudited £'m	Recruitment GB Unaudited £'m	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited £'m	Group costs Unaudited £'m	Continuing activities Unaudited £'m	Discontinued operations Unaudited £'m
Revenue from external customers	437.9	47.9	-	485.8	10.2	393.0	53.8	-	446.8	33.4
Cost of sales	(411.1)	(41.6)	-	(452.7)	(7.6)	(368.3)	(47.3)	-	(415.6)	(26.4)
Segment gross profit	26.8	6.3	-	33.1	2.6	24.7	6.5	-	31.2	7.0
Administrative expenses (underlying)	(20.9)	(5.3)	(1.8)	(28.0)	(2.5)	(20.7)	(5.0)	(1.6)	(27.3)	(5.7)
Depreciation and software amortisation (underlying)	(1.1)	(0.3)	-	(1.4)	(0.1)	(1.2)	(0.3)	-	(1.5)	(0.8)
Segment underlying operating profit*	4.8	0.7	(1.8)	3.7	-	2.8	1.2	(1.6)	2.4	0.5
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12.9)
Reorganisation costs	(0.2)	(0.2)	-	(0.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Segment operating profit/(loss)	4.6	0.5	(1.8)	3.3	-	2.8	1.2	(1.6)	2.4	(12.4)
Finance (costs)/income	(2.7)	-	-	(2.7)	-	(2.8)	-	0.7	(2.1)	-
Profit/(loss) for the period before taxation	1.9	0.5	(1.8)	0.6	-	-	1.2	(0.9)	0.3	(12.4)
Tax (charge)/credit	(0.5)	(0.1)	0.4	(0.2)	-	-	(0.3)	0.2	(0.1)	(0.1)
Net (loss)/profit for the period	1.4	0.4	(1.4)	0.4	-	-	0.9	(0.7)	0.2	(12.5)

^{*}Restated to show the results of PeoplePlus, which was sold on 24 February 2025, as a discontinued operation.

Note: Segment underlying operating profit before goodwill impairment and other non-underlying costs.

	Six	months end	ed 30 June 2	2025	Six months ended 30 June 2024*				
Segment continuing operations	Recruitment GB Unaudited £'m	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited £'m	Staffline Group Unaudited £'m	Continuing Activities Unaudited £'m	Recruitment GB Unaudited £'m	Recruitment Ireland Unaudited £'m	Staffline Group Unaudited £'m	Continuing Activities Unaudited £'m	Discontinued operations Unaudited £'m
Total non-current assets	27.0	13.9	-	40.9	28.1	10.8	-	38.9	13.0
Total current assets	133.9	18.5	2.0	154.4	115.2	17.6	3.7	136.5	10.9
Total assets (consolidated)	160.9	32.4	2.0	195.3	143.3	28.4	3.7	175.4	23.9
Total liabilities (consolidated)	151.2	11.0	0.8	163.0	137.3	10.3	-	147.6	15.0
Capital expenditure inc software	2.1	0.1	-	2.2	3.5	0.1	-	3.6	0.1

^{*}Restated to show the results of PeoplePlus, which was sold on 24 February 2025, as a discontinued operation.

2 Segmental reporting (continued)

Segment information for the year ended 31 December 2024 is as follows:

	Recruitment	Recruitment	Group	Continuing	Discontinued
Segment continuing operations	GB 2024	Ireland 2024	Costs 2024	Activities 2024	Operations 2024
	2024 £'m	2024 £'m	2024 £'m	2024 £'m	2024 £'m
Sales revenue from external customers	884.4	108.5	-	992.9	65.6
Cost of sales	(827.7)	(94.4)	-	(922.1)	(48.3)
Segment gross profit	56.7	14.1	=	70.8	17.3
Administrative expenses	(43.2)	(10.6)	(3.8)	(57.6)	(14.4)
Depreciation, software & lease amortisation	(2.4)	(0.7)	-	(3.1)	(1.6)
Segment underlying operating profit/(loss)*	11.1	2.8	(3.8)	10.1	1.3
Strategic consultancy costs	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	(0.2)	=
Release of prior year provision	-	-	-	-	1.0
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	(14.5)
Segment (loss)/profit from operations	11.0	2.8	(3.9)	9.9	(12.2)
Finance income	-	-	1.5	1.5	-
Finance costs	(6.0)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(6.4)	-
Segment (loss)/profit before taxation	5.0	2.7	(2.7)	5.0	(12.2)
Tax (expense)/ credit	(1.4)	(0.1)	0.6	(0.9)	(0.2)
Segment (loss)/profit from continuing operations	3.6	2.6	(2.1)	4.1	(12.4)

Total non-current assets	26.0	14.3	1.0	41.3	-
Total current assets	133.7	17.4	5.0	156.1	18.8
Total assets (consolidated)	159.7	31.7	6.0	197.4	18.8
Total liabilities (consolidated)	154.1	9.6	0.6	164.3	13.9
Capital expenditure inc software	3.2	0.8	-	4.0	0.4

The analysis above excludes deferred tax assets and liabilities, as required by IFRS 8, Operating segments.

3 Non-underlying expenses

Post taxation effect on non-underlying costs	0.4	12.9	14.7
Tax credit on non-underlying costs	-	-	_
Goodwill impairment	-	12.9	14.5
Strategic consultancy costs	-	-	0.2
Reorganisation and redundancy costs	0.4		
	£'m	£'m	£'m
Administrative expenses	Unaudited	Unaudited	2024
	2025	30 June 2024	31 December
	30 June	ended	Year ended
	ended	Six months	
	Six months		

4 Earnings per share and dividends

Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period, after deducting any shares held by the Employee Benefit Trust ("EBT") – "own shares" (7,627,198 shares at 30 June 2025, 8,535,706 shares at 31 December 2024 and 7,583,206 shares at 30 June 2024). The calculation of the diluted earnings per share is based on the basic earnings per share as adjusted to further take into account the expected issue of ordinary shares resulting from any share options granted to Executive Directors and certain senior employees, and share options granted to employees under the SAYE scheme.

Details of the earnings and weighted average number of shares used in the calculations are set out below:

	Basic six months ended 30 June 2025 Unaudited	Basic six months ended 30 June 2024 Restated ¹ Unaudited	Basic Year ended 31 December 2024 Restated ²	Diluted six months ended 30 June 2025 Unaudited	Diluted six months ended 30 June 2024 Restated ¹ Unaudited	Diluted Year ended 31 December 2024 Restated ²
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations (£'m)	0.4	0.2	4.1	0.4	0.2	4.1
Weighted daily average number of shares	125,945,434	142,369,230	138,868,494	127,168,247	143,313,695	140,160,630
Earnings/(loss) per share from continuing operations (p)	0.3	0.1	3.0	0.3	0.1	2.9
Underlying earnings from continuing operations (£'m)	0.8	0.2	4.3	0.8	0.2	4.3
Underlying earnings per share (p)	0.6	0.1	3.1	0.6	0.1	3.1
Loss from discontinued operations (£'m)	-	(12.5)	(14.9)	-	(12.5)	(14.9)
Weighted average number of shares	-	142,369,230	138,868,494	-	143,313,695	140,160,630
Loss per share from discontinued activities (p)	-	(8.7)	(10.7)	-	(8.7)	(10.6)
Profit/(loss) for the period (£'m)	0.4	(12.3)	(10.8)	0.4	(12.3)	(10.8)
Weighted average number of shares	125,945,434	142,369,230	138,868,494	127,168,247	143,313,695	140,160,630
Total earnings/(loss) per share (p)	0.3	(8.6)	(7.8)	0.3	(8.6)	(7.7)

¹ Restated to exclude the results of PeoplePlus, which was sold on 24 February 2025.

Note: Underlying earnings after adjusting for goodwill impairment and other non-underlying costs.

Dividends

No interim dividend for 2025 is proposed (2024: £nil).

² For details of the restatement, refer to note 5.

5 Disposal of PeoplePlus Group Ltd (PeoplePlus division)

On 24 February 2025, the Group sold its wholly owned subsidiary PeoplePlus Group Ltd, which represented the PeoplePlus division, for cash consideration of £12.0m, which includes £2.0m of deferred consideration. The consideration was on a cash-free, debt-free basis and was subject to a deduction of £5.1m of advanced payments received in respect of future revenue. The net proceeds of the disposal (including the deferred consideration) were £6.9m, of which £4.9m in cash has been received to date. The £2.0m of deferred consideration is contingent on the commencement of potential new contracts expected to take place within the 15 months following the date of this statement.

PeoplePlus was classified as held for sale in the Group's 2024 Annual Report and as a discontinued operation in the Group's consolidated statement of comprehensive income for that year, in accordance with IFRS 5.

At the date of disposal, the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of PeoplePlus were as follows:

	£'m
Non-current assets	
Goodwill	6.6
Intangible assets	0.6
Property, plant and equipment	1.3
Deferred tax asset	0.9
Current assets	
Trade and other receivables	6.6
Cash and cash equivalents	1.6
Liabilities	
Trade, other payables and provisions	(14.0)
Total net assets	3.6
Total consideration received in cash	4.9
Deferred consideration	2.0
Working capital adjustment	(2.5)
Disposal costs	(0.8)
Net cash receivable	3.6
Profit or loss on disposal	<u> </u>

Prior year adjustment

At 31 December 2024, the goodwill impairment calculation did not take into account a £2.5m favourable working capital position which, had it been properly considered, would have increased the loss on discontinued operations from £12.4m to £14.9m. A prior year adjustment has been made in respect of this item. There is no effect on the consideration receivable as a result of this adjustment.

6 Goodwill

The breakdown of Goodwill carrying value by division is listed below:

	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	31 December
	Unaudited	Unaudited	2024
	£'m	£'m	£'m
Recruitment GB	21.4	21.4	21.4
Recruitment Ireland	5.7	5.7	5.7
PeoplePlus	-	10.7	-
	27.1	37.8	27.1

7 Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2025 Unaudited £'m	30 June 2024 Unaudited £'m	31 December 2024 £'m
Trade receivables	120.7	107.0	123.1
Prepayments and other receivables	29.1	29.5	3.5
Contract assets - accrued income	-	5.5	14.9
	149.8	142.0	141.5

8 Derivative financial instruments

	0.8	0.4
£'m	£'m	LIII
Unaudited	Unaudited	£'m
30 June 2025	30 June 2024	31 December 2024
	Unaudited £'m	2025 2024 Unaudited Unaudited £'m £'m

Effective from 14 October 2024, the Group entered into an amortising interest rate collar instrument, comprising:

- a cap element to reduce exposure to interest rate increases above 4.75% above SONIA on an aggregated two-thirds of the RFA and the customer finance arrangements, and,
- a floor element, based on the same nominal values and over the same period as the cap, to pay the issuer the differential if the SONIA interest rate falls below 2.51%.

The instrument, which has a term of five years from 14 October 2024, is based on quarterly notional amounts varying between £58.9m and £77.3m, with an average of £68.6m. The instrument was acquired for no upfront premium.

In October 2021 the Group entered into an amortising interest rate cap instrument, which reduced exposure to interest rate increases above 1% of SONIA on an aggregated two-thirds of the Receivables Finance Agreement and the customer finance arrangements. The instrument, which expired on 13 October 2024, was based on quarterly notional amounts varying between £39.5m and £62.5m, with an average of £51.9m.

9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents	4.6	4.6	14.6
	30 June 2025 Unaudited £'m	30 June 2024 Unaudited £'m	31 December 2024 £'m

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and balances with banks only. All cash on hand and balances with banks are held by subsidiary undertakings but these balances are available for use by the Group.

Long term credit ratings for the banks used by the Group are currently as follows:

	Fitch	Standard & Poor's	Moody's
National Westminster Bank plc	AA-	A+	A1
Royal Bank of Scotland plc	AA-	A+	A1
The Group's banking facility headroom is as follows:	30 June 2025 Unaudited	30 June 2024 Unaudited	31 December 2024
	£'m	£'m	£'m
Cash and cash equivalents	4.6	4.6	14.6
Available receivables finance agreement balance	61.9	45.6	61.3
Banking facility headroom	66.5	50.2	75.9

10 Trade and other payables

30 June	30 June	
2025	2024	31 December
Unaudited	Unaudited	2024
£'m	£'m	£'m
25.3	26.2	29.4
67.2	59.7	61.2
-	5.5	-
55.3	50.5	62.6
147.8	141.9	153.2
	2025 Unaudited £'m 25.3 67.2 - 55.3	2025 Unaudited £'m 25.3 26.2 67.2 59.7 - 5.5 55.3 50.5

11 Borrowings

	30 June	30 June	
	2025	2024	31 December
	Unaudited	Unaudited	2024
	£'m	£'m	£'m
Current liabilities:			
Receivables finance agreement	10.3	13.8	5.0
Lease liabilities	0.9	1.4	1.0
	11.2	15.2	6.0
Non-current liabilities:			
Lease liabilities	3.3	3.9	3.7
Total borrowings	14.5	19.1	9.7
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (note 9)	(4.6)	(4.6)	(14.6)
Net debt	9.9	14.5	(4.9)

Credit facilities

The Group uses a Receivables Financing Agreement ("RFA") to fund its day-to-day working capital requirements. The RFA leverages the Group's trade receivables with sufficient headroom and flexibility to manage the variability and size of weekly cash outflows.

The facility is provided jointly by RBS Invoice Finance Limited and by Leumi UK Group Limited, who replaced ABN AMRO Asset Based Finance N.V., UK Branch, on 12 March 2025.

The key terms of the facility are set out below:

- i) maximum receivables financing facility of £60.0m over a four-year term, with a one-year extension option;
- ii) an Accordion option of up to an additional £20.0m, subject to lender approval;
- iii) security on all of the assets and undertakings of the Company and certain subsidiary undertakings;
- iv) interest accruing at a maximum of 2.25% over SONIA, with a margin ratchet downward to 1.5%, dependent upon the Group's leverage reducing to less than 1.00x;
- v) a non-utilisation fee of 0.35%;
- vi) maximum net debt (averaged over a rolling three months) to EBITDA leverage covenant of 4.0x; and
- vii) minimum interest cover covenant of 2.25x the last 12 months EBITDA to finance charges.

The Group also uses a number of separate, non-recourse, Customer Financing arrangements whereby specific customer invoices are settled in advance of their normal settlement date. At 30 June 2025, the estimated value of invoices funded under these arrangements was £43.8m (2024: £58.2m).

12 Provisions

Group			2025	2024
	Staff	Property	Group	Group
	costs	costs	Total	Total
	£'m	£'m	£'m	£'m
At 1 January 2025	0.1	0.4	0.5	2.3
Amounts charged to the income statement	-	-	-	0.1
Amounts utilised	-	-	-	(1.0)
Unused amounts reversed to the income statement	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2025	0.1	0.4	0.5	1.4
Due within one year (current)	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.0
Due after more than one year (non-current)	-	0.3	0.3	0.4
At 30 June 2025	0.1	0.4	0.5	1.4

The Group makes provision for staff and property costs relating to reorganisation programmes. The staff costs relate to redundancies and the property costs relate to lease dilapidations.

Provision is made for "wear and tear" dilapidation costs at the Group's leased properties. Where possible, dilapidations provisions are determined based on an independent valuation of the estimated total cost payable on expiry of the respective leases. The timing and value of the costs are uncertain due to potential changes to exit dates and the final liability which may be subject to negotiation with the landlord.

The Company has no provisions (2024: £nil).

13 Share capital

	30 June 2025 Unaudited £'m	30 June 2024 Unaudited £'m	31 December 2024 £'m
Allotted and issued			
126,812,313 ordinary 10p shares	12.7	14.8	14.2
	30 June 2025 '000	30 June 2024 '000	31 December 2024 '000
Shares issued and fully paid			
At the beginning of the period	142,330	149,191	149,191
Shares cancelled during the period	15,518	(851)	(6,861)
At the end of the period	126,812	148,340	142,330

All Ordinary Shares have the same rights and there are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends or repayment of capital with the exception of the 7,627,198 shares held at 30 June 2025 (2024: 7,583,206 shares) by the Employee Benefit Trust where the right to dividends has been waived.

14 Cash flows from operating activities

Reconciliation of loss before taxation to net cash inflow from operating activities	Six months ended 30 June 2025 Unaudited £'m	Six months ended 30 June 2024 Unaudited £'m	Year ended 31 December 2024 Restated* £'m
Profit/(loss) before taxation from:			
Continuing operations	0.6	0.3	5.0
Discontinued operations	-	(12.4)	(14.7)
	0.6	(12.1)	(9.7)
Adjustments for:			
Finance income	-	(0.9)	(1.4)
Finance costs	2.7	3.0	6.3
Depreciation and amortisation	1.4	2.3	4.7
Goodwill impairment	-	12.9	17.0
Cash generated before changes in working capital and share options	4.7	5.2	16.9
Change in trade and other receivables	(7.3)	(12.6)	(20.0)
Change in trade, other payables and provisions	(5.5)	0.5	23.9
Cash (utilised in)/generated from operations	(8.1)	(6.9)	20.8
Employee equity settled share options	0.5	0.3	0.7
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(7.6)	(6.6)	21.5

^{*} For details of the restatement, refer to note 5.

Movement in net debt	Six months ended 30 June 2025 Unaudited £'m	Six months ended 30 June 2024 Unaudited £'m	Year ended 31 December 2024 £'m
Net cash/(debt) at beginning of the period	4.9	(0.2)	(0.2)
Lease payments, additions, disposals and interest	0.5	(1.3)	(0.7)
Net (drawn from)/repayments to Receivables Finance Agreement	(5.3)	(4.3)	4.5
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(10.0)	(8.7)	1.3
Net (debt)/cash at end of period	(9.9)	(14.5)	4.9
Represented by:			
Cash and cash equivalents (note 9)	4.6	4.6	14.6
Current borrowings (note 11)	(10.3)	(13.8)	(5.0)
Lease liabilities (note 11)	(4.2)	(5.3)	(4.7)
Net (debt)/cash at end of period	(9.9)	(14.5)	4.9

15 Related party transactions

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. There were no material transactions with Directors of the Company during the Period, except for those relating to remuneration.

The directors holding office at 30 June 2025 have the following beneficial interests in the Company's share capital:

	Number
Amanda Aldridge	80,000
Albert Ellis	1,231,392
Catherine Lynch	10,000
Daniel Quint	945,423
Tom Spain	1,675,000
	3,941,815

Albert Ellis and Daniel Quint have interests in 4,227,510 and 3,435,916 respectively for options for Ordinary Shares, awarded under the Company's 2021 long term incentive plan in February 2023, January 2024 and June 2025, and the SAYE scheme 2022. The other directors have no current interests in share options or the SAYE scheme.